The Grub-ſtreet Journal. NUMB. 259.

THURSDAY, *DECEMBER* 12, 1734.

WHEN we publiſhed a fortnight ago, ſome account of the nature and effects of Mr WARD's *pill* and *drop*, we expected, that in a few days he would have communicated to us a defence of them; which we ſhould have as readily preſented to the public, as we did the *Letter* from MISOQUACKUS. And tho' he might poſſibly take ſo much offence at our publiſhing of that *Letter*, as to denie us the favour of his correſpondence; yet we were willing to imagine however, that ſome kind of Anſwer would ſoon appear in another Paper. Under this expectation we deferred the publication of ſome other *Letters* we had received; and which we probably ſhould have intirely ſuppreſſed, had he condeſcended to have given the world any rational vindication of himſelf in undertaking the practice of phyſic. But ſince he has not thought fit, in all this time, to take the leaſt notice of the objections already alledged againſt him, we think ourſelves under no obligation to wait any longer for his anſwer; but at free liberty to publiſh whatever we may think will be of any ſervice to the public, tho' perhaps prejudicial to his private advantage. And as he likewiſe ſeems reſolved to decline all reaſoning upon this ſubject, and to put the whole merit of his pretended *noſtrum* upon the ſucceſs of it; we ſhall from time to time publiſh ſuch *Caſes* as ſhall be communicated to us well atteſted: from which it will evidently appear, that, whatever ſucceſs may have poſſibly attended it in ſome deſperate complication of diſeaſes, the indiſcriminate uſe of it in many has proved very fatal to abundance of perſons. BAVIUS.

Nov. 30, 1738.

Mr. BAVIUS,

BEING very well pleaſed with the *Account* of Mr. WARD's *medicines*, given in your 257th *Journal*, I thought proper to ſend you the following lines as a ſupplement.

Suppoſing the *pill* and *drop* to be one or other of the five *Antimonial preparations* there mentioned, they will moſt certainly be condemned by all who have any skill in phyſic; as medicines, or rather poiſons, ever uncertain in their operations, and conſequently unfit for the ſtrongeſt and robuſteſt perſons, much more for thoſe who are weak and feeble, and for children in arms, to whom they have been given without diminiſhing their quantity. However, I cannot think, that the uncertainty of their working proceeds ſolely from the different ſtrength or weakneſs of the conſtitution, but chiefly from the following reaſon.

Dr. KEILL in his *Anatomy abridged*, Chap. II. Sect. 7. tells us, that 'the inmoſt coat of the ſtomach is much 'larger than the reſt, being it is full of plaits and 'wrinkles, which retard the chyle 'till it be ſufficiently 'digeſted; that it has a great number of ſmall glands, 'which ſeparate a liquor which beſmears all the cavity 'of the ſtomach, and is therefore called *Tunica Glandulosa*'. Now when there is too great a quantity of this ſlimy matter, (as when a perſon is troubled with what we call a foul ſtomach) it very often happens, that good phyſic, tho' given in a large quantity, has not the deſired effect; it being either imbibed or wrapped up in ſome of this ſlimy matter, and thereby confined, and hindered for ſome time from its uſual operation. An example of which I ſaw a while ago in a young man, who took at 3 times in the ſpace of an hour, 7 ſcruples, being more than a $\frac{1}{4}$ of an ounce, of the *Ipecacuanha*, or Indian root, before it worked; but that having cleared his ſtomach, the next doſe, which was but 2 ſcruples, and given 4 days after, worked better than the whole 7 ſcruples at firſt. Thus, if one of Mr. WARD's *pills*, which are very ſmall, happen to be intangled in the ſame ſlimy matter, it may poſſibly lye in the ſtomach without any operation, 'till it be put in motion by the addition of another doſe or two of the ſame, or ſome other phyſic. And this ſeems to have been the caſe of ELIZ. MOOR, mentioned by MISOQUACKUS in *Caſe* III; and certainly was the caſe of a woman whom I knew, who took 4 *pills* before they moved her, and then worked upwards and downwards to ſuch a degree, that ſhe was with very great difficulty kept alive, during and after their operations. She was all over blotches; which were neither increaſed nor diminiſhed by theſe violent vomitings and purgings. Hence we may juſtly infer the manifeſt danger of taking ſuch uncommon medicines, and eſpecially when prepared by a perſon intirely ignorant, as he confeſſes himſelf, of the art of phyſic.

Now admitting, that they have wrought ſome extraordinary cures, give me leave to ask 2 or 3 queſtions. — 1. Did ever any perſon pretend to ſay, that all diſeaſes ſpring from one and the ſame cauſe; or, that the itch and pthiſic, the ſcurvy and hyſterics, the king's evil, pox, and ague, all ariſe from the ſame habitude of body? —— 2. Was there ever any ſingle medicine, ſimple or compound, nay, not excepting the ſo much famed *Argentum Vivum*, or quick-ſilver, that has upon good experience proved itſelf an effectual remedy in all thoſe caſes without exception? —— 3. Tho' a ſtubborn diſeaſe requires a rough remedy, and a rank itch or confirmed pox may perhaps be in time eradicated by ſuch turbulent operations, in which the patient always runs a great riſque of his life; yet what ſhadow of reaſon can be aſſigned for the uſe of ſuch violent medicines in a cough, ague, or conſumption, when for the moſt part the blood is inflamed, and, by the vehement vibrations of the pulſe, ſeems ready to burſt the veſſels? This is certainly to add fuel to the fire; and is little leſs than madneſs in the patient, and poiſoning in the preſcriber. —— 4. If different diſeaſes neceſſarily require different methods of cure; how much to blame are all in general, who, without conſidering either their diſtemper, or ſex, or age, or conſtitution, will blindly venture to ſwallow a *pill*, which works ſo furiouſly, and has done ſuch execution in every part of this great city? But how much more blameable are they in particular, who, pretending to ſome degree of skill in phyſic, give the leaſt incouragement to the taking of ſuch an uncertain, violent, pernicious, and, I may juſtly add, poiſonous preſcription?

In ſhort, whoever is inclined to trie this boaſted remedy, ought to conſider both their condition, and their conſtitution: whether the former be deſperate, not to be relieved by any other medicines; and whether the latter be ſtrong enough to undergo the fatigue of forty or fifty ſucceſſive vomitings and purgings.

Your humble ſervant,
AMICULUS.

A New Critical Review of the public buildings, &c. by Mr. HIRAM.

LIII. THE *new Treaſury* in St. James's park is a very expenſive, but the moſt abſurd building, that perhaps has been yet erected in this kingdom; as will evidently appear by the following obſervations. —— 1. The groteſque ruſtic arches of the lower ſtory, made in affectation of antiquity, have no connection with the ſmooth-worked ſquare windows placed in them; which ſeem to have been an after-thought, to fill up thoſe arches, which were injudiciouſly deſign'd at firſt of too great a diameter, and ought to have been made with groteſque work alſo, to prevent an impropriety of parts. —— 2. As the breadths of the ſolids and of the openings in the upper ſtories are regulated by thoſe of the under ſtory; and as the breadths of the apertures, which are weakenings, ſhould not be ſuperior to the breadths of the ſolid parts, wherein the whole ſtrength of buildings conſiſts; the diameter of the ruſtic arches ſhould not have been made ſuperior to the breadth of the peers between them, unleſs they had been intended for an open arcade; like the arcades in Covent-garden. ——— 3. As the whole ſtructure is raiſed intirely new from its foundation; why muſt its baſis or lower ſtory mimic antiquity, as if that part had its ſurface torn and defaced by the rough hands of time, and been of much longer date than the ſuperſtructure, which has no kind of connection with it? Nor indeed is this any thing like the works of the ancients; for they never uſed thoſe kinds of rough-worked ruſtics, but at the entrances into grottos, caves, ſubterranean paſſages, hermitages, &c. wherein they excell all kinds of maſonry that are more elaborately finiſhed on their ſurface. ——— 4. Tho' the quoins, which are the nerves of every building, ſhould be made more ſubſtantial, than any of the inward peers between the windows; yet the quoins here are but of the ſame ſlender dimenſions, and ſeem indeed to be leſs, being not aſſiſted on either ſide by the plain wall within the arches, as the peers between the windows are. And this alone renders the building contemptible in the eye of every judge; as expoſing to view the moſt manifeſt appearance of weakneſs in thoſe parts: for thereby the two extream windows are brought almoſt, into the very angles of the rooms; and conſequently the quoins cannot have any bandage throughout the whole height o ſtory window. ——— 5. Inſtead of making the ſecond ed after the Tuſcan order, which would have better agree with the rough ruſtic of the firſt, as being one degree leſs plain, and yet ſtrong at the ſame time; here the Doric order is attempted in the moſt extravagant manner, by having an entablature enriched with triglyphs and metops of his majeſty's crown, cypher, &c. ——— 6. As the ſecond ſtory is alſo ruſticated (tho' not with Groteſque ruſtics, as the firſt, but with plain and ſmooth-worked ſurfaces and mitred grooves) the plain pedeſtals, placed to ſupport the pillaſters, ſhould have had their baſes and capitals made of ſquare blocks only; as invented by the author of the *Principles of ancient maſonry*, &c. and exhibited in the 309th plate of that work. Theſe would have been ſimilar and agreeable to the groteſque ruſtics; whereas the others are divided into many ſmall members, which have no affinity with them, tho' they muſt neceſſarily be ſeen and conſidered at the ſame time. — 7. Tho' the entablature of this ſtory is Doric, the pillaſters placed on the pedeſtals are much too low for the Tuſcan order, and therefore are abſurd. It is my humble opinion, that had the pedeſtals been intirely omitted, and the pillaſters been continued down to the coping or faſcia, which crowns the lower ſtory, their heights would have been better proportioned to their diameter, and to the entablature over them, and have been likewiſe more orderly. For the large plainneſs of the pedeſtals does but interrupt the orderly courſe of the ruſtics, and break the ſymmetry of the whole. ——— 8. In conformity to the arcades of the lower ſtory, this 2d ſtory is alſo arcaded, but of greater altitude. The impoſts from which theſe arches aſcend, are very juſtly made plain; but the continuing of them from one pillaſter to the other, is without example, and ought never to be done but in a niche, to ſeparate the cylindrical from the ſemi-hemiſpherical part. When we view both theſe arcaded ſtories, we are apt to imagine, that originally theſe arcades were wholely opened to as many galleries, environing the grand body of the fabrick; and that they have been filled up ſince with plain wall and ſmall windows, to convert the galleries into apartments for uſe. And theſe windows bear the ſame proportion to the arcades in which they are placed, as ſmall ſtoves do, when ſet in large filled chimneys to ſpacious rooms: a contrivance commonly put in practice in many houſes, whoſe inhabitants cannot afford to keep ſuch large fires, as the magnitude of ſuch chimneys and rooms requires. In ſhort, hereby all the intended grandeur and magnificence is at once deſtroyed. And if we conſider theſe arcades, as moſt probably intended by the architect to have been wholely illuminated, then the building would have appeared like ARGUS, full of eyes, and its weakneſs and diſproportion of parts been more conſpicuous. The extream of too great a quantity of window, would have been worſe than the preſent extream of too little. As in geometrical progreſſive numbers, the ſquare made of the mean, is equal to the ſquare made by the extreams: ſo windows might have been proportioned to this building, that would have been a mean between the extreams. —— 9. Inſtead of placing plain window-ſtools, conformable to the plainneſs of the ruſtics, and to the continued plain impoſts over their heads; here the capitals and baſes of ſmall members to the pedeſtals are continued; and by filling up the dye under each window with balluſtrades, the continued pedeſtal is there immediately (*high, paſs, and away*) turn'd into a mock balcony. This would have been a very good transformation, had the windows opened to its bottom; but as they do not, nothing can be more ridiculouſly abſurd. This blunder is alſo to be ſeen at the windows to the *Banqueting-houſe*, which I ſhould have before obſerved; and from which I believe thoſe of this building were taken. ——— If we conſider the ſmall diameters of the pillaſters, which are the only ſolid ſuſtaining parts of this ſtory; we muſt believe them to be very greatly loaded with the uncommon height of ſolid wall, contained between the heads of the windows herein, and the bottoms of the windows in the next ſtory. And indeed, if we view the front firſt, we cannot think, but that the cieling to the middle ſtory muſt be moſt intolerably dark, the windows being ſo very ſmall, and their heads ſo very much below it. If we remove further to obſerve the return, or end of this building, then we have a ſecond game of *hide*

pocks play'ed us: for contrary to the expectation of every judge, there appears a fourth ſtory, placed between the ſecond and third; which however convenient it may be, ſure I am, that it makes a very poor appearance, and is unworthy of imitation.

[*To be continued.*]

The GENTLEMAN.

Addreſs'd to JOHN JOLIFFE, Eſq: commiſſioner of the Wine-licence. By RICHARD SAVAGE, *Eſq.*

A decent mien, and elegance of dreſs;
Words, which, at eaſe, each winning grace, expreſs;
A life, where love, by wiſdom poliſh'd, ſhines;
Where wiſdom's ſelf again, by love, refines;
Where we to chance for friendſhip never truſt;
Nor ever dread from ſudden whim diſguſt;
Where ſocial manners, ever fix'd, remain;
A nature ever great, and never vain;
A wit, that no licentious pertneſs knows;
The ſenſe, that unaſſuming candour ſhows;
Reaſon, by narrow principles uncheck'd,
Slave to no party, bigot to no ſect;
Knowledge of various life, of learning too;
Thence taſte; thence truth, which will from taſte enſue;
Unwilling cenſure, tho' a judgment clear;
A ſmile indulgent, and that ſmile ſincere;
An humble, tho' an elevated mind;
A pride; its pleaſure but to ſerve mankind;
If theſe, eſteem, and admiration, raiſe,
Give true delight, and gain unflatt'ring praiſe,
In one, wiſh'd view, th' accompliſh'd man we ſee;
Theſe graces all are thine, and Thou art he.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Daily Courant.*
P. *Daily Poſt-Boy.*
DP. *Daily Poſt.*
DJ. *Daily Journal.*
DA. *Daily Advertiſer.*
SJ. *St. James's Evening Poſt.*
WE. *White-hall Evening Poſt.*
LE. *London Evening Poſt.*

Hyp-Oratorial puffs and advertiſements in November. — Hyp puffs 4. Oratorial ditto 8. In all 12. — Hyp-advertiſements 2. Oratorial ditto 12. In all 14. — Decreaſed in the puffs 4: in the advertiſements 3.

Chriſtened laſt week males 168: females 177: in all 345. — *Buried* males 246: females 244: in all 490. — Increaſed in the burials 31. *SJ. WE. LE.*

THURSDAY, *Dec.* 5. The report, that the prince had demanded the princeſs Ubrica, the king of Pruſſia's 5th daughter in marriage, is intirely without foundation. *C.*

We hear that Ric. Pottenger, Eſq; member for Reading, is appointed one of the judges for Montgomery, Flint, &c. — and that Patrick Heron, Eſq; member for the ſtewarty of Kirkudbright, is appointed ſecretary of the Order of the Thiſtle. *C.*

His grace the duke of Grafton, lord chamberlain, has appointed Mr. Hugh Steel, one of his domeſtics, to be groom of the Great Chamber to his majeſty. *DA.*

Mr. Ben. Needler is appointed clerk of the houſe of Burgeſſes in Virginia *DJ.*

Several informations have been filed againſt merchants in the Virginia trade. *DJ.*

Yeſterday, at the Seſſions at the Old Baily, a bill of indictment was found againſt 42 journey-men wheelwrights, for conſpiring and combining together to raiſe their wages, and to ſhorten the hours of work, purſuant to a ſtatute made the 2d and 3d of Edward VI. *DA.* — *If theſe* journey-men conſpired, &c. purſuant to a ſtatute, *as the grammatical ſenſe of the words imports, why* was a bill found againſt *them?* I *fear my brother keeps but a bad* journey-man.

Yeſterday a man dreſs'd like a gentleman, *unſuſpected,*
In ſtealing two pair of ſilk ſtockings was detected,
And by juſtice Hilder into the Gate-houſe injected. *DJ*

FRIDAY, *Dec.* 6. On monday the right hon. William earl Cowper, baron of Wingham, and viſcount Fordwich, was unanimouſly choſen mayor of Fordwich in Kent, *C. DP. DJ. DA.* ——— *The liberties of corporations muſt certainly be very ſecure, when the* nobility *thus condeſcend to take them under their care.*

The ſame day the officers of the cuſtoms made a large ſeizure of brandy, tea, &c. at Folkſtone in Kent. *C.* — On ſaturday 1300 weight of tea at S. Margaret's near Dover. *P.*

The Bleſſing and another collier bound to London, were loſt in Winterton Neſs. *P.*

Yeſterday the worſhipful Dr. Henchman, chancellor of the dioceſe of London, condemned the inhabitants of S. Botolph Alderſgate, who excepted againſt the church-wardens accompts in 1733, in coſts of ſuit. *P. DA.* — 8 l. coſts. *DP.*

On wedneſday the court at the Old Bailey fined an officer 40 s. for taking 6 d, to let a gentleman into court, which the ſheriffs ordered to be diſtributed amongſt the poor priſoners in Newgate. *C.*

Died yeſterday morning about 2, Sir Geo. Saunders, Knt. vice-admiral of the Blue, of the ſtone. *P.* —— At noon, of the gout in his ſtomach. *DP.* —— In Great Ruſſel-ſtreet, John Shrimpton, Eſq; a gent. of 3000 l. per ann. *DA.*

On wedneſday two Fleet parſons preferr'd againſt each other
Bills of indictment for aſſaults, *made by brother upon brother:*
But they both appearing aggreſſors *and ſcholars* alike *famous,*
The jury returned both their bills Ignoramus. *C.*

SATURDAY, *Dec.* 7. 'Tis now reported, that the right hon. the counteſs of Burlington will be made miſtreſs of the robes to her majeſty. *DJ.*

The right hon. the lord high Chancellor has accepted of the vice preſidentſhip of the Hoſpital at Hyde-park corner, having been nominated by the prince. *LE.*

We hear, that Sir Geo. Saunders is ſucceeded, as comptroller of the Treaſury accompts, by John Fowler, Eſq; that Rob. Younge, Eſq; will ſucceed John Fowler; and the right hon. the lord Vere Beauclerc, Rob Younge, Eſq; *C.* —— Sir Geo. Saunders is to be ſucceeded, as firſt commiſſioner of the navy, by lord Vere Beauclerc; and as vice-admiral of the Blue, by admiral Haddock. *P.* ——— We hear, that Capt. Tudor Trevor, one of the oldeſt captains in the navy, will be made an admiral. *DJ.*

Yeſterday Iſaac Berridge, Rog. Arnold, and Elizabeth Pembroke, were tried for the murder of Mr. Cantillon, and after a trial which laſted near 5 hours, were acquitted. *C. DP. DJ. DA.*

A curious equeſtrian ſtatue of king William III. done by that famous ſtatuary Mr. Scheemaker, has been lately ſet up at Kingſton upon Hull. *DP.*

Died yeſterday in Cork-ſtreet, Abigail lady Maſham, wife of the right hon. Samuel lord Maſham of Otes in the county of Eſſex. *DP.*

Yeſterday the corpſe of the favourite footman of a certain young lady in Piccadilly, was carried out of town with great pomp in a hearſe with ſix horſes, adorn'd with plumes of white feathers, and followed by ſeveral mourning coaches, to Iſleworth church, and interr'd with great ſolemnity. *DP.*

This day, at the Old Bailey, was tried at the bar
The perſon who went by the name of Sir Robert Carr,
And with his foot-man taverns did bilk, and ſpoons ſtole,
But being a knight, for want of proof, he came off whole. *DJ.*

Monday, *Dec.* 9. Yeſterday the rev. Dr. Pearce preached before their majeſties, &c. who afterwards dined in publick. *C. P. DJ.* — Dr. Pierce. *DP. DA.*

Laſt ſaturday being the birth-day of her highneſs the princeſs Louiſa, when ſhe entered into the 11th year of her age, their majeſties received the compliments of the nobility, &c. *P.* —— Of ſeveral of the nobility. *DP.* ——— There was a very great appearance of the nobility. *C.*

The ſame day the Serpentine river in Hyde-park overflowed, whereby one part of Knights-bridge was in great danger of being laid under water. *C.*

The ſame day the ſeſſions ended at the Old Bailey, when 8 perſons were capitally convicted. *C.* —— Aaron Pritchard, for breaking open a till in Ludgate-ſtreet, and ſtealing about 6 l. and a diamond ring: Ambroſe Thurman, for ſtealing a ſilver tankard from the Bull-head in Leadenhall-ſtreet: Will. Williams, for the murder of his corporal at Somerſet-houſe: Peter Hughes, for robbing Mr. Syms at the Red-lyon inn at Charing-croſs, of plate and money: Edward Atkins, for ſtealing ſeveral pair of ſilver buckles from Mr. Leger: Sam. Flewellin, for picking a pocket of a ſilver watch: Mary Bowman, for ſtealing a gold ring, 3 Portugal pieces, value 10 l. 16 s. 5 moidores, 6 guineas and a half: and James Caſey, for robbing John Atkinſon of a piece of check linnen, and ſome half-pence. *P.* —— About 40 were caſt for tranſportation. *C. P. DP. DJ.*

Yeſterday his excellency the count de Montijo, entertain'd ſeveral of the nobility, &c. on account of his Catholick majeſty's birth-day, who then enter'd into his 52d year. *DP. DA.*

The ſame day the lady of the hon. John Spencer, Eſq; brother to the duke of Marlborough, was ſafely delivered of a ſon and heir. *C.* &c.

'Tis ſaid, that Henry Bromley, Eſq; lord lieutenant, and knight of the ſhire for the county of Cambridge, will be one of the candidates for ſpeaker of the houſe of Commons *DA.*

The governors of the bounty of queen Anne, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, have agreed to augment 43 ſmall livings, 7 of which are by lot, and the others in conjunction with ſeveral charitable benefactors. *DA.*

Yeſterday the rev. Dr. Middleton preached for the firſt time, at the pariſh church of St. Peter's, Cornhill, before a very numerous congregation *C.* —— This day he is to be inducted, and we hear he will next ſunday preach his firſt ſermon. *DP. Dec.* 10. — — He was ſo. *DP.* 11.

Married, yeſterday morning at S. James's church, Will. Woodroffe, Eſq; of King-ſtreet S. James's, to miſs Phillips of Buckingham-ſtreet, York buildings. *P.*

Died laſt night at his houſe in Oxford-road, Mr. James Figg, the noted champion, ſo famous for his ſkill in the noble ſcience of defence. *C. P.* —— The famous prize fighter. *DP. DA.* — The moſt eminent prize-fighter of this age. *DJ.*

Laſt ſaturday (*'tis fit the world ſhould know*)
One Moreton and one Stephenſon did row,
For guineas ten, from London bridge to Barter-
Sea, and much the wager was won by the latter. *P.*

TUESDAY, *Dec.* 10. His majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Rob. Allen, Eſq; to be one of the gentlemen of his privy chamber. —— His grace the duke of Montagu has appointed Mr. Bennet of Windſor to be one of the band of gentlemen penſioners. *DA.* —— Mr. Godfrey is appointed 1ſt clerk to John Hedges, Eſq; treaſurer to his royal highneſs the prince, in the room of Mr. Andrews, deceas'd. *DA.* —— Deputy treaſurer to his royal highneſs. *C.* —— To John Hedges, Eſq; a place worth 400 l. per ann. *P.* — 500 l. per ann. *DJ.*

Laſt ſunday biſhop Strickland, biſhop of Namure, who lately arrived here with a private commiſſion from the emperor, took his leave of his majeſty, and yeſterday he ſet out for Harwich. *P. DJ.*

We hear that her grace the dutcheſs dowager of Marlborough has ſettled 5000 l. per ann. on the new born ſon and heir of the hon. John Spencer, Eſq; her grace's grandſon. *C.*

On tueſday was paid into the Bank of England, on account of the truſtees for the colony of Georgia, the ſum of 100 l. collected by the rev. Mr. John Stanley, and the rev. Mr. Tho. Baldwin, rectors of Liverpool, viz. collected at Liverpool 80 l. at Preſton 20 l. *DA.*

Laſt ſaturday morning, one Roberts, a gardener of Mitcham, in company with a woman dreſs'd in men's cloaths, ſet upon a pedlar near Tooting, and after robbing him of 6 ſhillings, attempted to cut out his tongue, which they almoſt effected, and whether after ſo much blood, he will recover is uncertain. It is remarkable, that the man being taken, and ſent to the county jail in Southwark, confeſſed that his accomplice was the pedlar's wife, who is not yet taken. *DJ.*

On ſaturday came on a tryal at the court of Common-pleas, Weſtminſter, wherein John Shipthorp, printer, was plaintiff, againſt John Stephens, bookbinder, defendant, for exerciſing the art and myſtery of printing, not having ſerv'd ſeven years to the trade; when the jury gave ſix months damages for the plaintiff, 40 s. a month being the penalty by the ſtatute of 5 Eliz. *DP.*

Yeſterday the earl of Cheſterfield, the lord Carteret, and William Pulteney, Eſq; went to Marlborough houſe, to congratulate the dutcheſs dowager of Marlborough on the birth of the hon. Mr. John Spencer's ſon. *SJ.*

We hear the city of Weſtminſter intend to petition the parliament for leave to erect a bridge over to Lambeth, at their own expence; the arches of which are intended to be ſo large, as to be no hindrance to the navigation of the river. *SJ.*

In this day's Hyp-doctor is an ample and particular diſcovery of the book and original from which Mr. Ward's famous pill was taken, &c. *DJ.* — *This is* an ample and particular diſcovery of a book *without* diſcovering *the* title *of it. Hyp-Doctorial veracity!*

We hear that the account of the original author of Mr. Ward's pill, in the Hyp-doctor this day publiſh'd, is agreed to be right. *SJ.* — Agreed *by the Doctor.*

My brother did not hear, *but only* ſee
This puff *preſcrib'd by* Oratorial WE.

WEDNESDAY, *Dec.* 11. We hear that the rev. Dr. Mawſon, head of Corpus Chriſti college, Cambridge, will be made biſhop of Briſtol; and the rev. Dr. Bolton, preacher at the Rolls, dean of Carliſle. *DJ.*

Laſt week ſome rogues broke into the green-houſe of Sir Jeremy Sambrooke, Bart. near Enfield, and entirely deſtroy'd the orangery, which was eſteemed one of the fineſt in the kingdom. *DA.*

In the *Daily Advertiſer* of this Day there are but eleven lines of domeſtic news; in the *Courant* and *Daily*

Post-Boy, not one: however, to supplie the deficiency in the latter, there is a *Letter* say'd to be *communicated as the product of a rev.* Dean *in a neighbouring nation*; a copy of which was publiſhed in this *Journal* a fortnight ago.

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

To the Subſcribers to RAPIN's *Hiſtory of England, tranſlated from the French by* N. TINDAL.

Whereas the bookſellers or publiſhers of RAPIN's *Hiſtory* pretend to have compleated the ſame; Theſe are to acquaint you, that upon comparing the Engliſh tranſlation with the original, you will find, that they have not only left out the *Summary* of the whole, but have given us but about four ſheets for an *Index* to both volumes, inſtead of nine and twenty in the original.

Now as the whole of the ſaid book was, I conceive, expected by every ſubſcriber, without any (much leſs ſo valuable a) part being left out; query, What remedy does the law provide in ſuch caſes? And, how will ſuch practices encourage any future ſubſcriptions?

A SUBSCRIBER.

To MISOQUACKUS.

SIR,

IF you are no truer in the facts of Mr. WARD's *Pills*, than you are in the compoſition of the *Purging Sugar Plums*, they are all falſe.

For you ſay, the *Purging Sugar Plums* are made of *Mercurius Vitæ* (rather, by reaſon of its danger, deſerving the name of *Mercurius Mortis*) called by ſome the *Powder of Algerott*, whereas there is not a grain, or any thing of *Mercurius Vitæ* in them, of which an oath, if required, would be ſafely taken. So that there, Sir, you are entirely in the wrong, and have aſperſed the *Sugar Plums* with a very great untruth, to the great damage of

your humble ſervant,

The AUTHOR of the *Purging Sugar Plums*.

This is, without any provocation given, publiſhing a down right LYE to the world, to the very great damage of another perſon. I hope you will find ſome expedient to repair it. For the *Purging Sugar Plums* are ready to ſtand the teſt of examination by any phyſicians, they having nothing, as I ſaid before, of *Mercurius Vitæ* in them.

N. B. MISOQUACKUS does not affirm, that *the Purging ſugar plums* are made of *Mercurius Vitæ*; but only ſays, 'this is the REPUTED medicine which makes the 'Purging ſugar Plumb', meaning no more, than that it is commonly ſo *reputed*.

Mr. BAVIUS,

ON reading, in your 257th *Journal*, the ſeveral ſhocking accounts of the pernicious and deadly conſequences of Dr. WARD's *Pill*, I immediately call'd to mind the cruel practices of his notorious brother JOHN, who, by poiſon, deſtroy'd the lives of many innocent dogs in the Fleet-priſon, whilſt he lay there confin'd for ———; of which inhuman maſſacre, ſome *letters*, publiſh'd in your *Journal* about a twelvemonth ago, gave a relation. I was then a priſoner there my ſelf, and very well remember, that the operations and effects of the poiſonous *Pills* of the latter, on thoſe poor dumb creatures, were attended with circumſtances very like thoſe mentioned in the melancholy *Caſes* you have recited. This would indeed tempt me to imagine, that it is the very ſame compoſition which has occaſioned ſuch deplorable miſchief to the patients of his charitable brother, the famous Dr; and that the experiment was firſt try'd on the dogs of the Fleet. But among all thoſe harmleſs animals that had taken the *Pills*, there was only one, which by great care, and the application of proper medicines, was reſtored to health. And therefore, after ſuch fatal experience, I cannot think, that a perſon of ſuch eminent beneficence and charity, who profeſſes to do every thing without the leaſt regard to ſelf-intereſt, would have ventured ſo boldly to put the ſame *noſtrum* in practice on human kind. However, that regard, which is due from every individual to the public, leaves me not at liberty to decline exhibiting this memorial; that, henceforth, every perſon, before he deglutes Dr. WARD's *Pill*, may reflect on the fate of the poor dogs in the Fleet-priſon.

I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

PHILANTHROPOS.

Nov. 30, 1734.

Our learned brother the HYP-DOCTOR, in his Paper of laſt tueſday, has tranſcribed a long quotation from a book, (without giving us its title) which recommends an *Unvaluable purge univerſal of Antimony, Scammony, and Cream or Chryſtals of Tartar*, from which he pretends that Mr. WARD took his *pill*. The author of the original *pill*, he very elegantly ſays, *lived in the civil wars of England*. The whole introduction to the quotation is written in an admirable ſtile, depending more on the figures of rhetoric, than on the rules of grammar: of the truth of which the very firſt ſentence is a remarkable inſtance. 'It is an indiſpenſable duty, incumbent on all 'mankind, a point of humanity, to promote the good of 'their ſpecies; ſo far, that in ſome caſes, HE is ſubject to 'a moral obligation, &c.' It puzzled all our grammarians to find out, to what antecedent ſubſtantive HE had relation.

EPIGRAM.

'Tis plain WARD's *noſtrums* arn't diſpens'd for money all:
His foes themſelves declare them *Anti-monial*.
And tho' HYP QUACK has gueſs'd that *Cream of Tartar*,
With *Scammony* well mixed makes a part there;
I fear, inſtead of *Tartar's Cream* and *Scammony*,
You'll catch a *Tartar*, and find all a *Sham-on-ye*.

CONUNDRUM.

Since our laſt we have received three *Letters*: the firſt ſubſcribed A. Z. the ſecond CRITOMATHES; and the third without any name, dated from *Grub-ſtreet, Nov.* 9.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Dec.* 5. ——— *Rome, Nov.* 20. Cardinal Alberoni is arrived here from Placentia; and it is ſay'd, that his Catholick majeſty has deſired him to repair to Naples, to aſſiſt the infante Don Carlos with his advice; but that he uſes all poſſible endeavours to get himſelf diſpenſed with. *DP.*

Bruſſels, Dec. 20. From Hanover they write, that according to the News brought thither lately by a courier from London, people were of opinion, that the war would become general next year. *DP*

FRIDAY, *Dec.* 6.—*Paris, Dec.* 1. The governor of Capua, the count de Traun, with the garriſon, are to be carried to Trieſte, and not to bear arms againſt the ally'd crowns for a twelve-month and a day. *C. DP. DJ.*

Yeſterday came an expreſs to court, with advice, that the princeſs of Orange having been indiſpoſed at Calais, did not ſet out for Holland till wedneſday morning at 9. *DA.*

SATURDAY, *Dec* 7.—*Warſaw, Nov.* 26. The confederacy lately enter'd into by the Staniſlaiſt party, binds the Poles under oath to ſacrifice life and fortune to advance the intereſts of that prince. The confederators reſolve to implore the aſſiſtance of all the monarchs of Europe, and appoint ambaſſadors to be ſent to France, Sweden, Denmark and Turky; but leave king Staniſlaus to name whom he pleaſes for the courts of England, Pruſſia, and the States general. *DA.*

Dantzick, Dec 3. Count Oſſolinski, high treaſurer of the crown, and 3 other ſenators, who are retired to king Staniſlaus, have publiſhed a manifeſto, declaring that they wrre obliged by violence to acknowledge king Auguſtus, and that all they had done was involuntary. *DP.*

MONDAY, *Dec.* 9. They write from Holland, that the States-general, contrary to all expectation, have ſettled the ſtate of war for the enſuing year upon the ſame foot as that of the preſent, and have diſmiſs'd the commiſſioners of the admiralty from further attendance upon their aſſembly. ——— We hear that his Imperial majeſty declares in his late declaration, that he cannot conſent to a congreſs, unleſs things are put in the ſame condition they were before the war begun. *DA.*

TUESDAY, *Dec.* 10. — *Paris, Dec.* 15. They write from Rome, that every body have their eyes on the motions of cardinal Alberoni; and his judgment is of that weight, that it caſts the balance in all the councils wherein it is employed; the pope has always recourſe to him in nice and difficult caſes, and 'tis thought the affairs of other princes receive help from his hand. *DA.*

WEDNESDAY, *Dec.* 11.—*Hague, Dec.* 3. France and Spain when they drew the ſword, never intended to ſheath it ſo ſoon: thoſe courts have other views, which would have appeared e're now, if the duke de Noailles returning from Mentz had penetrated into the dutchy of Wirtemberg, purſuant to his orders. A certain conjunction had then been made, as formerly at Hochſtet, and we ſhould have ſeen fine ſport! we are promiſed it however the next campagne; and this is what they deliberate upon at Verſailles more than upon the conditions of the peace, which they look upon at preſent only in perſpective. *P.*

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 136 3 4ths, a 7. India 144, 3 4ths. S. S. Trading-Stock 81 3 4ths, a 2. Old Annuities 104 1 half, 104 5 8ths. a 3 4ths. Ditto New Annuities 105, 3 8ths, a 1 4th, a 3 8ths. Three per Cent. Annuity 93 1 half Million Bank 107. African 20. York-Buildings 4. Royal Aſſurance 98 1 4th. London Aſſurance 12 1 8th. New Bank Circulation 4 l. 2 s. 6 d. Pr. South Sea Bonds 3 l 13 s. a 14 s Prem. India ditto 3 l. 18 s. a 19 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 l. 5 s. Pr. Engliſh Copper 2 l. Welſh ditto Books ſhut. Salt Tallies 2 1 4th per Cent. Prem.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHEREAS (till Mr. Aſhley at the London Punch-houſe on Ludgate-hill reduc'd the Price it was cuſtomary for publick Houſes to take 8 s. for a Quart of Arrack, and 6 s for a Quart of Rum or Brandy, made into Punch, and ſeldom leſs than a Bowl of 1 s. 6 d. to be had therefore, for the better accommodating Gentlemen in this part of the Town,

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3. Vetera Romanorum Itineraria ſive Antonini Auguſti Itinerarium, cum Integris J. Simleri, H. Surita, & And. Schotti Notis Itinerarium Hieroſolymitanum; & Hieroclis Grammatici Synecdemus Curante Petro Weſſelingio, qui et ſuas addidit adnotationes, 4to. Amſt. 1734.

4. Wolfii Elementa Matheſcos Univerſæ. Editio nova priori multo Auctior & Correctior. Geneva, 1734.

5. Bibliotheque raiſonnee des Ouvrages des Scavans de l' Europe, pour les Mois de Juillet. Aouſt & Septembre. Amſt. 1734.

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3. Elementa Phyſicæ conſcripta in Uſus Academicos. A Petro Van Muſſchenbroek cum Figuris, Lugd. Bat. 8vo. 1734.

4. Hiſtoire Critique de Manichee & du Manicheſme, par M. de Buauſobre, 4to, 1734.

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III. Poetical points, viz. Rufinus, his Death natural, tho' tore to pieces by the populace; Cyrus, an Example for Kings; Dependency and Independency; K. William's weakneſs in deſerting Lord Somers; Declaration againſt Sir Rob. Walpole; Sir Wm. Billers mobb'd; little power of the antient Britiſh Kings; Prerogative a Chimæra; Britiſh Conſtitution preferr'd to the Roman legal Slavery; Q. Elizabeth's Tyranny; Reaſon for the great power of France.

IV. Poetry. Self-Love and Reaſon; Elogium on Biſhop Burnet, his Hiſtory what; on Prior, Pope, and Cibber; on Mr. Gerard and the Frog; a wicked world and a parſon; Mr. Carthy prais'd and cenſur'd; the Prince and Princeſs of Orange; Dr. Sw——t and an Orange; Dr. Swift Deaf; on miſs Jenny T——ng of Hull; a Riddle; one anſwered; Reſignation; prologues and Epilogues, Epigrams, Fidelia to Mr. Urban, on Dean Swift, anſwer'd; Chloe and Philander. A Song, &c. &c.

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